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# A-level ENGLISH LITERATURE A

Paper 1 Love through the ages

Thursday 23 May 2019

Afternoon

Time allowed: 3 hours

# Materials

For this paper you must have:

- an AQA 12-page answer book
- a copy of each of the set texts you have studied for **Section C**. These texts must **not** be annotated and must **not** contain additional notes or materials.

# Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is 7712/1.
- In Section A you will answer **one** question about a Shakespeare play.
- In Section B you will answer the **one** question about unseen poetry.
- In Section C you will answer one question about two texts: one poetry text and one prose text, one of which must be written pre-1900.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

# Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- In your response you need to:
  - analyse carefully the writers' methods
  - explore the contexts of the texts you are writing about
  - explore connections across the texts you have studied
  - explore different interpretations of your texts.

# Section A: Shakespeare

Answer one question in this section.

# Either



# Othello – William Shakespeare

'Brabantio's role as Desdemona's father and Roderigo's role as her suitor suggest that they both love Desdemona. However, all that drives them is possessiveness, jealousy and pride.'

In the light of this view, discuss how Shakespeare presents Brabantio and Roderigo in this extract and elsewhere in the play.

[25 marks]

# BRABANTIO

I know thee, Roderigo.

# RODERIGO

Sir, I will answer anything. But I beseech you If't be your pleasure and most wise consent, As partly I find it is, that your fair daughter, At this odd-even and dull watch o'th'night, Transported with no worse nor better guard But with a knave of common hire, a gondolier, To the gross clasps of a lascivious Moor -If this be known to you, and your allowance, We then have done you bold and saucy wrongs; But if you know not this, my manners tell me We have your wrong rebuke. Do not believe That from the sense of all civility I thus would play and trifle with your reverence. Your daughter, if you have not given her leave, I say again hath made a gross revolt, Tying her duty, beauty, wit, and fortunes In an extravagant and wheeling stranger Of here and everywhere. Straight satisfy yourself: If she be in her chamber or your house, Let loose on me the justice of the state For thus deluding you. **BRABANTIO** Strike on the tinder, ho! Give me a taper; call up all my people! This accident is not unlike my dream: Belief of it oppresses me already. Light, I say, light! Exit above IAGO Farewell, for I must leave you. It seems not meet, nor wholesome to my place, To be produced – as if I stay, I shall – Against the Moor. For I do know the state, However this may gall him with some check, Cannot with safety cast him; for he's embarked

With such loud reason to the Cyprus wars, Which even now stand in act, that for their souls Another of his fathom they have none To lead their business. In which regard, Though I do hate him as I do hell pains, Yet for necessity of present life I must show out a flag and sign of love, Which is indeed but sign. That you shall surely find him, Lead to the Sagittary the raised search; And there will I be with him. So farewell. Exit Enter Brabantio in his night-gown with servants and torches

# **BRABANTIO**

It is too true an evil. Gone she is, And what's to come of my despised time Is naught but bitterness. Now, Roderigo, Where didst thou see her? - O unhappy girl! -With the Moor, say'st thou? – Who would be a father? – How didst thou know 'twas she? - O, she deceives me Past thought! – What said she to you? – Get more tapers. Raise all my kindred. - Are they married, think you?

# RODERIGO

Truly I think they are.

# **BRABANTIO**

O heaven! How got she out? O treason of the blood! Fathers, from hence trust not your daughters' minds By what you see them act. Is there not charms By which the property of youth and maidhood May be abused? Have you not read, Roderigo, Of some such thing?

RODERIGO Yes, sir, I have indeed. **BRABANTIO** 

Call up my brother – O would you had had her! Some one way, some another. Do you know Where we may apprehend her and the Moor?

# RODERIGO

I think I can discover him, if you please To get good guard and go along with me.

# **BRABANTIO**

Pray you, lead on. At every house I'll call -I may command at most. Get weapons, ho! And raise some special officers of night. On, good Roderigo, I'll deserve your pains. Exeunt

(Act 1, Scene 1)

# The Taming of the Shrew – William Shakespeare

'The Taming of the Shrew is a cruel comedy of bullying and coercion.'

In the light of this view, discuss how Shakespeare presents the taming process in this extract and elsewhere in the play.

[25 marks]

# Enter Tailor

# PETRUCHIO

Come, tailor, let us see these ornaments. Lay forth the gown.

Enter Haberdasher

What news with you, sir?

# HABERDASHER

Here is the cap your worship did bespeak.

# PETRUCHIO

Why, this was moulded on a porringer -A velvet dish. Fie, fie, 'tis lewd and filthy! Why, 'tis a cockle or a walnut-shell, A knack, a toy, a trick, a baby's cap.

Away with it! Come, let me have a bigger.

# **KATHERINA**

I'll have no bigger. This doth fit the time,

And gentlewomen wear such caps as these.

# PETRUCHIO

When you are gentle, you shall have one too, And not till then.

# HORTENSIO (aside) That will not be in haste. **KATHERINA**

Why sir, I trust I may have leave to speak, And speak I will. I am no child, no babe. Your betters have endured me say my mind, And if you cannot, best you stop your ears. My tongue will tell the anger of my heart, Or else my heart concealing it will break, And rather than it shall, I will be free Even to the uttermost, as I please, in words.

# PETRUCHIO

Why, thou say'st true - it is a paltry cap, A custard-coffin, a bauble, a silken pie. I love thee well in that thou lik'st it not.

# **KATHERINA**

Love me, or love me not, I like the cap,

And it I will have, or I will have none.

# PETRUCHIO

Thy gown? Why, ay. Come, tailor, let us see't.

Exit Haberdasher

O mercy, God! What masquing stuff is here?

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What's this? A sleeve? 'Tis like a demi-cannon. What, up and down carved like an apple-tart? Here's snip and nip and cut and slish and slash, Like to a censer in a barber's shop.

Why, what a devil's name, tailor, call'st thou this? HORTENSIO (aside)

I see she's like to have neither cap nor gown.

# TAILOR

You bid me make it orderly and well, According to the fashion and the time.

# PETRUCHIO

Marry, and did. But if you be remembered,

I did not bid you mar it to the time.

Go, hop me over every kennel home,

For you shall hop without my custom, sir.

I'll none of it. Hence, make your best of it.

# **KATHERINA**

I never saw a better-fashioned gown,

More quaint, more pleasing, nor more commendable.

Belike you mean to make a puppet of me.

# PETRUCHIO

Why, true, he means to make a puppet of thee.

# TAILOR

She says your worship means to make a puppet of her.

# PETRUCHIO

O monstrous arrogance! Thou liest, thou thread, thou thimble.

Thou yard, three-quarters, half-yard, quarter, nail, Thou flea, thou nit, thou winter-cricket thou!

Braved in mine own house with a skein of thread?

Away, thou rag, thou quantity, thou remnant,

Or I shall so bemete thee with thy yard

As thou shalt think on prating whilst thou liv'st.

I tell thee, I, that thou hast marred her gown.

# TAILOR

Your worship is deceived – the gown is made Just as my master had direction.

Grumio gave order how it should be done.

GRUMIO I gave him no order, I gave him the stuff. TAILOR

But how did you desire it should be made? GRUMIO Marry, sir, with needle and thread.

# TAILOR

But did you not request to have it cut?

**GRUMIO** Thou hast faced many things.

# TAILOR | have.

GRUMIO Face not me. Thou hast braved many men, brave not me. I will neither be faced nor braved. I say unto thee, I bid thy master cut out the gown, but I did not bid him cut it to pieces. Ergo, thou liest.

(Act 4, Scene 3)

# 0

or

### Measure for Measure – William Shakespeare 3

'In the literature of love, deception and trickery often demean and devalue relationships that should be based on honesty.'

In the light of this view, discuss how Shakespeare presents the collaboration between Isabella and the Duke in this extract and elsewhere in the play.

[25 marks]

# Enter Duke as a friar

# MARIANA

Break off thy song, and haste thee quick away.

Here comes a man of comfort, whose advice

Hath often stilled my brawling discontent.

I cry you mercy, sir, and well could wish

You had not found me here so musical.

Let me excuse me, and believe me so,

My mirth it much displeased, but pleased my woe. DUKE

'Tis good, though music oft hath such a charm To make bad good, and good provoke to harm. I pray you tell me, hath anybody inquired for me here today? Much upon this time have I promised here to meet.

MARIANA You have not been inquired after. I have sat here all day.

Enter Isabella

**DUKE** I do constantly believe you. The time is come even now. I shall crave your forbearance a little. May be I will call upon you anon for some advantage to yourself.

MARIANA I am always bound to you. Exit

# DUKE

Very well met, and welcome.

What is the news from this good deputy?

# **ISABELLA**

He hath a garden circummured with brick, Whose western side is with a vineyard backed;

And to that vineyard is a planchèd gate,

That makes his opening with this bigger key.

This other doth command a little door

Which from the vineyard to the garden leads.

There have I made my promise,

Upon the heavy middle of the night,

To call upon him.

# DUKE

But shall you on your knowledge find this way? ISABELLA

I have ta'en a due and wary note upon't. With whispering and most guilty diligence, In action all of precept, he did show me The way twice o'er.

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DUKE

Are there no other tokens

Between you 'greed concerning her observance? **ISABELLA** 

No, none, but only a repair i'th'dark,

And that I have possessed him my most stay Can be but brief. For I have made him know I have a servant comes with me along,

That stays upon me, whose persuasion is I come about my brother.

# DUKE

'Tis well borne up. I have not yet made known to Mariana

A word of this. What ho, within. Come forth. Enter Mariana

I pray you, be acquainted with this maid; She comes to do you good.

I do desire the like. ISABELLA

# DUKE

Do you persuade yourself that I respect you? MARIANA

Good friar, I know you do, and so have found it. DUKE

Take then this your companion by the hand,

Who hath a story ready for your ear.

I shall attend your leisure, but make haste.

The vaporous night approaches.

# MARIANA

Will't please you walk aside?

Exeunt Mariana and Isabella

# DUKE

O place and greatness, millions of false eyes Are stuck upon thee. Volumes of report Run with these false, and most contrarious quest Upon thy doings; thousand escapes of wit Make thee the father of their idle dream, And rack thee in their fancies.

Enter Mariana and Isabella

Welcome, how agreed?

# **ISABELLA**

She'll take the enterprise upon her, father, If you advise it.

DUKE It is not my consent,

# But my entreaty too.

ISABELLA Little have you to say When you depart from him but, soft and low,

'Remember now my brother.'

MARIANA Fear me not.

# DUKE

Nor, gentle daughter, fear you not at all.

He is your husband on a pre-contract.

To bring you thus together, 'tis no sin,

Sith that the justice of your title to him

Doth flourish the deceit. Come, let us go;

Our corn's to reap, for yet our tithe's to sow. Exeunt

(Act 4, Scene 1)

or

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# 4 The Winter's Tale – William Shakespeare

'In literature, love is felt most profoundly at times of pain and loss.'

In the light of this view, discuss how far Shakespeare presents pain and loss as inevitable aspects of love in this extract and elsewhere in the play.

[25 marks]

# SERVANT

O sir, I shall be hated to report it:

The Prince your son, with mere conceit and fear

Of the Queen's speed, is gone.

How! Gone?

LEONTES SERVANT

ls dead.

# LEONTES

Apollo's angry, and the heavens themselves Do strike at my injustice.

Hermione faints

How now there!

Take her hence.

# PAULINA

This news is mortal to the Queen: look down And see what death is doing.

# LEONTES

Her heart is but o'ercharged; she will recover. I have too much believed mine own suspicion. Beseech you, tenderly apply to her Some remedies for life.

Exeunt Paulina and Ladies, bearing Hermione

Apollo, pardon

My great profaneness 'gainst thine oracle!

I'll reconcile me to Polixenes;

New woo my queen; recall the good Camillo – Whom I proclaim a man of truth, of mercy:

For, being transported by my jealousies

To bloody thoughts and to revenge, I chose

Camillo for the minister to poison

My friend Polixenes; which had been done,

But that the good mind of Camillo tardied

My swift command, though I with death and with

Reward did threaten and encourage him,

Not doing it and being done. He, most humane,

And filled with honour, to my kingly guest Unclasped my practice, guit his fortunes here –

Which you knew great – and to the hazard

Of all incertainties himself commended.

No richer than his honour. How he glisters

Through my rust And how his picty

Through my rust! And how his piety

Does my deeds make the blacker! Enter Paulina

PAULINA

Woe the while!

O cut my lace, lest my heart, cracking it, Break too! LORD What fit is this, good lady? PAULINA What studied torments, tyrant, hast for me? What wheels? Racks? Fires? What flaving? Boiling In leads or oils? What old or newer torture Must I receive, whose every word deserves To taste of thy most worst? Thy tyranny, Together working with thy jealousies -Fancies too weak for boys, too green and idle For girls of nine - O think what they have done, And then run mad indeed, stark mad! For all Thy bygone fooleries were but spices of it. That thou betrayedst Polixenes 'twas nothing: That did but show thee of a fool inconstant, And damnable ingrateful. Nor was't much Thou wouldst have poisoned good Camillo's honour To have him kill a king – poor trespasses, More monstrous standing by: whereof I reckon The casting forth to crows thy baby daughter To be or none or little, though a devil Would have shed water out of fire ere done't: Nor is't directly laid to thee, the death Of the young Prince, whose honourable thoughts -Thoughts high for one so tender – cleft the heart That could conceive a gross and foolish sire Blemished his gracious dam. This is not, no, Laid to thy answer. But the last – O lords, When I have said, cry woe! The Queen, the Queen, The sweet'st, dear'st creature's dead! And vengeance for't Not dropped down yet. The higher powers forbid!

### LORDS PAULINA

I say she's dead; I'll swear't. If word nor oath Prevail not, go and see. If you can bring Tincture or lustre in her lip, her eye, Heat outwardly or breath within, I'll serve you As I would do the gods. But, O thou tyrant, Do not repent these things, for they are heavier Than all thy woes can stir. Therefore betake thee To nothing but despair. A thousand knees, Ten thousand years together, naked, fasting, Upon a barren mountain, and still winter In storm perpetual, could not move the gods To look that way thou wert.

# LEONTES Go on, go on:

Thou canst not speak too much; I have deserved All tongues to talk their bitt'rest.

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(Act 3, Scene 2)

# **Section B: Unseen Poetry**

Answer the following question.



Both of the following poems are about the authors' experiences of childbirth and motherhood.

'Lorde's poem celebrates being a mother, whereas Stevenson's does not.'

In the light of this view, compare and contrast how love is presented in these two poems.

[25 marks]

# Now That I Am Forever with Child

How the days went while you were blooming within me I remember each upon each – the swelling changed planes of my body and how you first fluttered then jumped and I thought it was my heart.

How the days wound down and the turning of winter I recall with you growing heavy against the wind. I thought now her hands are formed, and her hair has started to curl now her teeth are done now she sneezes. Then the seed opened I bore you one morning just before spring My head rang like a fiery piston my legs were towers between which a new world was passing.

Since then I can only distinguish one thread within running hours You, flowing through selves toward You.

Audre Lorde (1934–1992)

# **The Victory**

I thought you were my victory though you cut me like a knife when I brought you out of my body into your life.

Tiny antagonist, gory, blue as a bruise. The stains of your cloud of glory bled from my veins.

How can you dare, blind thing, blank insect eyes? You barb the air. You sting with bladed cries.

Snail! Scary knot of desires! Hungry snarl! Small son. Why do I have to love you? How have you won?

Anne Stevenson (b.1933)

Turn over for Section C

# **Section C: Comparing Texts**

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Answer **one** question in this section.

# Either



Compare how the authors of **two** texts you have studied present ideas about how time affects love relationships.

You must write about **at least two** poems in your answer **as well as** the prose text you have studied.

[25 marks]

# or

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'In literature, lovers often come into conflict with the conventions of society.'

In the light of this comment, compare how lovers and the societies they live in are presented in **two** texts you have studied.

You must write about **at least two** poems in your answer **as well as** the prose text you have studied.

[25 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS

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