

Monday 05 October 2020 - Afternoon

A Level Psychology

H567/01 Research methods

Time allowed: 2 hours

* 8 2 5 5 4 0 L 7 5 9 9

You must have:	
 a scientific or graphical calculator 	



Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.							`		
Centre number						Candidate number			
First name(s)									
Last name									

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 20 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

SECTION A: Multiple choice

Answer **all** the questions. You should put the letter of the correct answer in the box provided.

1	In v	which type of correlation do both variables increase at the same or similar rate?	
	Α	negative	
	В	positive	
	С	skewed	
	D	zero	
	You	ur answer	[1]
2	Wh	ich of these best describes when the null hypothesis has been incorrectly rejected?	
	Α	critical error	
	В	statistical error	
	С	type 1 error	
	D	type 2 error	
	Υοι	ur answer	[1]
3	Wh	en data contains anomalies, which of these is it best to use?	
	Α	mean	
	В	median	
	С	mode	
	D	percentage	
	You	ur answer	[1]
4	Wh	ich inferential statistical test uses degrees of freedom (df) to find the critical value?	
	A	Chi-square	
	В	Mann-Whitney U Test	
	С	Spearman's Rho	
	D	Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test	
	Υοι	ur answer	[1]

5		study investigating the difference in ratings (on a scale of 0 to 100) of self-esteem betwees and females, which would be the appropriate inferential test to use to analyse the data?	en
	Α	Binomial Sign Test	
	В	Chi-square	
	С	Mann-Whitney U Test	
	D	Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test	
	You	r answer	[1]
6	Whi	ch of these indicates the probability is less than 5%?	
	Α	p<0.5	
	В	p>0.05	
	С	p<0.05	
	D	p>0.005	
	You	r answer	[1]
7	Whi	ch of these features is needed to choose a test of statistical significance?	
	Α	central tendency	
	В	level of data	
	С	sample size	
	D	standard deviation	
	You	r answer	[1]
8	Whi	ch of these is the name of a technique for recording data when using the observation metho	ıd?
	Α	participant sampling	
	В	random sampling	
	С	time sampling	
	D	quota sampling	
	You	r answer	[1]

9	Wh	ich of these best describes what the standard deviation informs us?	
	Α	dispersion around the mean	
	В	dispersion around the median	
	С	dispersion around the mode	
	D	dispersion around the range	
	You	ır answer [[1]
10		he study by Moray (1959) investigating auditory attention, what best describes the resear thod used?	ch
	Α	field experiment	
	В	laboratory experiment using a mixture of repeated measures and independent measure design	es
	С	laboratory experiment using independent measures design	
	D	quasi experiment	
	You	ır answer [[1]
11		he study by Levine et al. (2001) investigating cross cultural differences in helping behavio at level of data was recorded for the helping measure that involved responses to a dropp 1?	
	Α	both ordinal and interval	
	В	interval	
	С	nominal	
	D	ordinal	
	You	ır answer [[1]
12	Wh	ich decimal is represented by the fraction $\frac{1}{20}$?	
	Α	0.2	
	В	0.02	
	С	0.5	
	D	0.05	
	You	ır answer	[1]

13	If th	e variance for a set of data is 16, what is the standard deviation?	
	Α	3	
	В	4	
	С	8	
	D	256	
	You	r answer	[1]
14	Wh	at type of distribution curve is this?	
	A	negatively skewed	
	В	non-skewed	
	С	normal	
	D	positively skewed	
	You	r answer	[1]
15	Wh	ich of these is an assumption of parametric inferential statistical tests?	
	Α	data is asymmetrically distributed in the population	
	В	data is negatively skewed in the population	
	С	data is normally distributed in the population	
	D	data is positively skewed in the population	
	You	r answer	[1]

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16	vvn	at is 0.006089 written to two significant figures?	
	Α	0.00	
	В	0.0060	
	С	0.0061	
	D	0.61	
	You	ir answer	[1]
17	Whi	ich of these comes first when citing an academic reference?	
	Α	date of publication	
	В	first name initial	
	С	place of publication	
	D	surname	
	You	er answer	[1]
18	Wha	at name refers to data before any analysis is done?	
	Α	nominal	
	В	parametric	
	С	primary	
	D	raw	
	You	er answer	[1]
19	Whi	ich of these is not the name of a type of experimental design?	
	Α	independent measures	
	В	matched participants	
	С	repeated measures	
	D	structured pairs	
	You	ir answer	[1]

20	Wh	/hich of these is not a measure of dispersion?					
	Α	variance					
	В	median					
	С	range					
	D	standard deviation					
	You	r answer	[1]				

Turn over for the next question.

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SECTION B: Research design and response

Answer **all** the questions.

Ready meal

Many things can influence people's eating habits and how much food we consume, including the appearance of food and how it is served. For example, some research suggests that people put less food on a red plate, and eat less from it, than a white plate. To investigate this further, psychologists want to use the experimental method to study the effect of plate colour on food consumption.

21	Write a one-tailed alternative hypothesis for this study.							
	[3]							
22*	Explain how you would conduct a study using the experimental method to investigate if there is a difference in how much food people eat off a red plate compared to a white plate. Justify your decisions as part of your explanation. You must refer to:							
	 the sampling technique to obtain participants for the study how you would operationalise your independent variable how you would operationalise the dependent variable to obtain quantitative data details of how one ethical consideration would be addressed. 							
	You should use your own experience of practical activities to inform your response. [15]							

23	(a)	Outline one strength of using a repeated measures design in this study.
		[3]
	(b)	Outline one weakness of using a repeated measures design in this study.
		[3]
		[0]
24	(a)	Outline one way you could obtain qualitative data in this study.
		101
		[2]

	(b)	Evaluate the use of qualitative data in this study.
		[3]
25	Eva	luate the external validity of this study.
		[6]

SECTION C: Data analysis and interpretation

Answer **all** the questions.

Extroversion = Extra money?

A psychologist investigated whether how much a person earns is related to the personality trait of extroversion. Participants were asked to provide details of their current annual salary. They then completed a general lifestyle questionnaire, which included a question asking them to rate how extrovert they were on a scale of 0 ('not at all extrovert') to 100 ('extremely extrovert'). The table below presents the data collected in the study.

Douticinant	Annual	Extroversion	Ranks of the	data collected
Participant	salary (£s)	rating (0-100)	Annual Extrove salary (£s) rating (0	
а	50 000	85	9	9
b	55 000	65	10	6.5
С	10 000	95	1	11.5
d	40 000	60	7	5
е	30 000	45	5	4
f	15 000	30	2	1
g	25 000	40	4	3
h	60 000	90	11	10
i	35 000	70	6	8
j	20 000	35	3	2
k	70 000	95	12	11.5
I	45 000	65	8	6.5

26	(a)	Explain how the data has been ranked in this study.				
			[2]			

	(b)	Explain why the data for the rating of extroversion for participants (b) and (l) have both begiven rank 6.5.	∍n
		[2]
27	(a)	Draw a fully labelled scatter diagram showing the data collected in this study.	
			4]
	(b)	Outline two conclusions from this scatter diagram.	

.....[4]

	lain why it is more appropriate to use the mean, rather than the median, to calculate cer
tenc	dency in this study.
(a)	Calculate the correlation coefficient for the data collected in this study using the formula Spearman's ranked correlation coefficient presented below. Show your workings.
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(b) An extract from the table of critical values for Spearman's ranked correlation coefficient is shown below.

Level of significance for a two-tailed test

	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.01
n = 4	1.000			
5	0.900	1.000	1.000	
6	0.829	0.886	0.943	1.000
7	0.714	0.786	0.893	0.929
8	0.643	0.738	0.833	0.881
9	0.600	0.700	0.783	0.833
10	0.564	0.648	0.745	0.794
11	0.536	0.618	0.709	0.755
12	0.503	0.587	0.671	0.727
13	0.484	0.560	0.648	0.703
14	0.464	0.538	0.622	0.675
15	0.443	0.521	0.604	0.654
16	0.429	0.503	0.582	0.635
17	0.414	0.485	0.566	0.615
18	0.401	0.472	0.550	0.600
19	0.391	0.460	0.535	0.584
20	0.380	0.447	0.520	0.570

 $r_{\rm s}$ must equal or exceed the table critical value to be significant at the stated level of probability. Using this table, identify the critical value at the 5% probability level for data collected in this study.

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	(c)	ranked correlation coefficient.	ns
31		ine one weakness of not having qualitative data in this study.	
	•••••		
32		ine two things that could have affected the validity of the data collected in this study.	

17

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(smust be clearly shown in the margin(s).				

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